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Material Safety Data Sheets

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Sodium Acetate Anhydrous

Other Names Acetic Acid, Sodium Salt; Sodium Acetate

Code No No Data Available

Uses Food additive, Pharmaceuticals, Catalyst, Detergent additive, Preservative.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C₂H₃O₂.Na

Chemical Name Sodium Acetate Anhydrous

Product Description No Data Available

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Statements irritant

Precautionary Statements Wash skin thoroughly after handling

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Symbol



3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium Acetate Anhydrous	C ₂ H ₃ O ₂ .Na	127-09-3	99.0 - 100.0 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Get medical

attention.

Eye rinse immediately with plenty, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rising. If eye irritation persists get medical

advice/attention.

Skin Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhaled If breathed in, move person into fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Consult a physician if you feel unwell.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of patient.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

No information available on medical conditions aggravated by exposure to this product.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Move containers to empty department if possible. If the container color is changed or some sound is produced from

container, evacuate immediately. Use water jet to cool down the container in all the fire process.

Flammability Conditions Product is a Combustible Solid.

Extinguishing Media In case of fire, appropriate extinguishing media include water spray, foam, dry chemical and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Products of Combustible solid. This product may decompose upon fire to produce irritation fume. Product Combustion of combustion (decomposition): Carbon oxides, Sodium oxides

Personal Protective Equipment Fire fighters should wear a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire

Fire fighters should wear a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves). Clear fire area of all non-emergency

personnel. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate ignition sources. Move fire exposed containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Do NOT allow fire fighting water to reach waterways, drains or sewers. Store fire fighting water for treatment.

Flash Point

No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit

No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit

No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature

No Data Available
Hazchem Code

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Slippery when spilt. Personnel involved in the clean up should wear full

protective clothing as listed in section 8.

Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation. Avoid generating dust. Stop leak if safe to do so. Isolate the danger area. Do NOT let product reach drains or waterways. If product does enter a waterway, advise the Environmental Protection Authority or your local Waste Management. Use clean, non-sparking

tools and equipment.

Clean Up Procedures Contain and sweep/shovel up spills with dust binding material or use an industrial vacuum cleaner. Transfer to a

suitable, labelled container and dispose of promptly. Smaller spills can be flushed away with plenty of water to

remove the product

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Keep away of drains. Do not release into the environment.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Ensure an eye bath and safety shower are available and ready for use.

Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. In common with many organic chemicals, may form flammable dust clouds in air. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale product dust/fumes.

Storage Prevent direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Keep away from fire and

heat.

Protect against physical damage. Store away from incompatible materials as listed in section 10. This product is not classified dangerous for transport according to The Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

and Rail.

Container Store in original packaging as approved by manufacturer.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No exposure standard has been established for this product by the Australian Safety and Compensation Council

(ASCC). However, the exposure standard for dust not otherwise specified is 10mg/m3 (for inspirable dust) and

3mg/m3 (for respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available on biological limit values for this product.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local

exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source,

preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment RESPIRATOR: Wear an effective dust mask where dusts/vapours are formed and engineering controls are

inadequate (AS1715/1716) EYES: Safety glasses with side shields (AS1336/1337) HANDS: Wear PVC or

rubber gloves (AS2161).

CLOTHING: Standard work uniform/clothing and safety footwear (AS3765/2210)

Work Hygienic Practices No Data Available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystal

Odour Odourless

Colour White

pH No Data Available
Vapour Pressure No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density No Data Available
Boiling Point No Data Available

Melting Point 324°C

Freezing Point No Data Available
Solubility No Data Available

Specific Gravity 1520Kg/m3

Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density 1.528 g/cm3 Specific Heat No Data Available Molecular Weight No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available

No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient

Particle Size No Data Available Partition Coefficient No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** No Data Available

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No Data Available

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No Data Available

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No Data Available

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity No Data Available

Reactions That Release Gases or No Data Available

Vapours

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No Data Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Product is stable under normal conditions of use, storage and temperature.

Combustible Solid. The product is hygroscopic.

Conditions to Avoid
Avoid excessive heat, direct sunlight, generating dust, moisture, static discharges, open flame and high temperatures.

Materials to Avoid Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Not expected to decomposition under normal usage. Product of combustion (decomposition) if involved in fire:

Carbon oxides, Sodium oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Oral LD50 Rat: 3530mg/Kg

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 1 h - > 30,000 mg/m3 LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 10,000 mg/kg.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Skin - rabbit- Result: Mild skin irritation - 24 h Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Eyes - rabbit-Result: Mild eye irritation

Carcinogenicity:None of the components of this product is listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, US OSHA.

Eyelrritant May irritate eyes, causing redness, pain, tearing.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may can cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting.

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause irritating to upper respiratory tract.

SkinIrritant Causes mild skin irritation.

Carcinogen Category No Data Available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 13,330 mg/l - 120 h.

LC50 -Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) -5,000 mg/l - 24 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 -Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 1,000 mg/l - 48 h.

Persistence/Degradability Biodegradability Result: 99 % - Readily biodegradable

Mobility Water soluble. Stays in water phase. non-volatile.

Water solubility: 505g/L (25'C) 1702g/L (100'C)

Soluble in water, liable to move.

Environmental Fate The product is harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not let the material enter ground water, sewage system, waste

water, soil . Do not release to environment without the permission of the local government.

Bioaccumulation Potential No data available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Observe all federal, state, and local

environmental regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contact a specialist disposal company or the local waste regulator for advice.

No Data Available

No Data Available

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport

Class

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM ACETATE ANHYDROUS

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number

No Data Available

Hazchem

No Data Available

Pack Group

No Data Available

Sea Transport

Special Provision

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM ACETATE ANHYDROUS

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Air Transport

IATA

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM ACETATE ANHYDROUS

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

Reason for Issue updated SDS Key/Legend < Less Than > Greater Than atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm Square Centimetres CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

Degrees Celcius Degrees Farenheit g Grams

g/cm Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other. inHg Inch of Mercury

inH2O Inch of Water K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development**

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure STEL Short Term Exposure Limit **TLV Threshold Limit Value**

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations wt Weight