

# Material Safety Data Sheets

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Eriochrome black T
Other Names	Chrome black T, 2-Hydroxy-1-(1-hydroxy-2-naphthylazo)-6-nitronaphthalene-4-sulfonic acid sodium salt
Uses	No Data Available
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	$C_{20}H_{12}N_3NaO_7S$
Chemical Name	No Data Available
Product Description	No Data Available
Company	Arman sina.co
Contact Information	<a href="mailto:info@armansina.com">info@armansina.com</a> <a href="http://www.armansina.com">www.armansina.com</a>

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Categories	Eye irritation, (Category 2)	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, (Category 2)	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Signal Word	Warning	
Hazard Statements	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements	<b>Prevention</b>	
	P264 P273 P280	Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection/ face protection.
	<b>Response</b>	
	P305 + P351 + P338  P337 + P313 P391	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Collect spillage.

Symbol



### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Eriochrome black T	$C_{20}H_{12}N_3NaO_7S$	1787-61-7	>= 100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Swallowed	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
Eye	Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. Obtain medical attention if symptoms appear.
Skin	Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.
Inhaled	Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Obtain medical attention if symptoms appear.
Advice to Doctor	Consult a doctor in case of discomfort showing the SDS for the product.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures	Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire. extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
Flammability Conditions	No Data Available
Extinguishing Media	Suitable extinguishing media :ABC-powder ;Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry sand Nitrogen
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Fire may cause evolution of: Sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides; Nitrogen oxides (NOx); Sulfur oxides; Sodium oxides Combustible.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Personal Protective Equipment	No Data Available

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>General Response Procedure</b>	No Data Available
<b>Clean Up Procedures</b>	Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Dispose according to local legislation.
<b>Containment</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decontamination</b>	No Data Available
<b>Environmental Precautionary Measures</b>	Do not let product enter drains.
<b>Evacuation Criteria</b>	No Data Available
<b>Personal Precautionary Measures.</b>	For non-emergency personnel: Remove victim out of the danger area. First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Advices on safe handling: No special measures are necessary. Measures to prevent fire, aerosol and dust generation .No special measures are necessary. Measures required to protect the environment No special measures are necessary. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Packaging materials: High density polyethylene (HDPE) Glass Unsuitable container/equipment material: Metal container
<b>Container</b>	Keep containers tightly closed

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

<b>General</b>	Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.
<b>Exposure Limits</b>	No Data Available
<b>Biological Limits</b>	No Data Available
<b>Engineering Measures</b>	Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substance.
<b>Personal Protection Equipment</b>	<p>Wear suitable protective clothing. When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn.</p> <p>Eye/face protection Eye glasses with side protection DIN-/EN-Norms EN 166 Recommendation: VWR 111-0432 Skin protection When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. Recommended glove articles DIN-/EN-Norms EN ISO 374 In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatrill® L</p> <p>This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: <a href="http://www.kcl.de">www.kcl.de</a>).</p> <p>Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatrill® L</p> <p>Respiratory protection Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: Full-/half-/quarter-face masks (EN 136/140) Recommendation: Suitable material: ABEK2P3</p>
<b>Special Hazards Precautions</b>	No Data Available
<b>Work Hygienic Practices</b>	No Data Available

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical State</b>	solid
<b>Appearance</b>	solid
<b>Odour</b>	No Data Available
<b>Colour</b>	grey
<b>pH</b>	3.7 (10 g/l, H <sub>2</sub> O, 20 ° C)
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	No Data Available
<b>Relative Vapour Density</b>	No Data Available
<b>Boiling Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Melting Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Freezing Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Solubility</b>	No Data Available
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Flash Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Auto Ignition Temp</b>	No information available.
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Bulk Density</b>	400-600 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Corrosion Rate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Density</b>	1,00 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Specific Heat</b>	No Data Available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	461.38 g/mol
<b>Net Propellant Weight</b>	No Data Available
<b>Octanol Water Coefficient</b>	No Data Available
<b>Particle Size</b>	No Data Available
<b>Partition Coefficient</b>	No Data Available
<b>Saturated Vapour Concentration</b>	No Data Available
<b>Vapour Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Viscosity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Volatile Percent</b>	No Data Available
<b>VOC Volume</b>	No Data Available
<b>Additional Characteristics</b>	No information available.
<b>Potential for Dust Explosion</b>	No Data Available
<b>Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics</b>	No information available.
<b>Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials</b>	No information available.
<b>Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire</b>	No information available.
<b>Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity</b>	No information available.
<b>Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours</b>	No information available.
<b>Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases</b>	No information available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>General Information</b>	The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed. Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents
<b>Chemical Stability</b>	The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	No Data Available
<b>Materials to Avoid</b>	No Data Available
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	No Data Available
<b>Hazardous Polymerisation</b>	No Data Available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>General Information</b>	No Data Available
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### *Acute*

Acute oral toxicity:  
Eriochrome Black T - LD50: > 17590 mg/kg - Rat - (Merck KGaA)  
Acute dermal toxicity:  
Eriochrome Black T - LD50: > 3000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCALID)  
Acute inhalation toxicity:  
Eriochrome Black T - LC50: > 2 mg/l - Rat - (National Library of Medicine ChemID Plus (NLM CIP))  
Irritant and corrosive effects: Primary irritation to the skin: not applicable  
Irritation to eyes: not applicable  
Irritation to respiratory tract: not applicable  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation In case of skin contact: not sensitising After inhalation: not sensitising

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Toxicity Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 6 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (Lit.) Toxicity to bacteria
<b>Persistence/Degradability</b>	No Data Available
<b>Mobility</b>	No Data Available
<b>Environmental Fate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	No Data Available
<b>Environmental Impact</b>	No Data Available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### General Information

Sewage disposal-relevant information  
Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.  
Waste treatment of containers/packagings  
Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Special Precautions for Land Fill

No Data Available

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Land Transport

#### Proper Shipping Name

**Eriochrome black T**

#### Class

No Data Available

#### Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

#### EPG

No Data Available

#### UN Number

No Data Available

#### Hazchem

No Data Available

#### Pack Group

No Data Available

#### Special Provision

No Data Available

### Sea Transport

#### Proper Shipping Name

**Eriochrome black T**

#### Class

No Data Available

#### Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

#### UN Number

No Data Available

#### Hazchem

No Data Available

#### Pack Group

No Data Available

#### Special Provision

No Data Available

#### EMS

No Data Available

#### Marine Pollutant

No Data Available

### Air Transport

#### Proper Shipping Name

**Eriochrome black T**

#### Class

No Data Available

#### Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

#### UN Number

No Data Available

#### Hazchem

No Data Available

#### Pack Group

No Data Available

#### Special Provision

No Data Available

## 15. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

3

Key/Legend

< Less Than  
 > Greater Than  
 atm Atmosphere  
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)  
 cm<sup>2</sup> Square Centimetres  
 CO<sub>2</sub> Carbon Dioxide  
 COD Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 deg C (° C) Degrees Celcius  
 deg F (° F) Degrees Farenheit  
 g Grams  
 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Grams per Cubic Centimetre  
 g/l Grams per Litre  
 HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism  
 IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health  
 immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.  
 inHg Inch of Mercury  
 inH<sub>2</sub>O Inch of Water  
 K Kelvin  
 kg Kilogram  
 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Kilograms per Cubic Metre  
 lb Pound  
 LC<sub>50</sub> LC stands for lethal concentration. LC<sub>50</sub> is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.  
 LD<sub>50</sub> LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD<sub>50</sub> is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.  
 ltr or L Litre  
 m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre  
 mbar Millibar  
 mg Milligram  
 mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours  
 mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram  
 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Milligrams per Cubic Metre  
 Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.  
 mm Millimetre  
 mmH<sub>2</sub>O Millimetres of Water  
 mPa.s Millipascals per Second  
 N/A Not Applicable  
 NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission  
 OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
 Oz Ounce  
 PEL Permissible Exposure Limit  
 Pa Pascal  
 ppb Parts per Billion  
 ppm Parts per Million  
 ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours  
 ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours  
 psi Pounds per Square Inch  
 R Rankine  
 RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure  
 STEL Short Term Exposure Limit  
 TLV Threshold Limit Value  
 tne Tonne  
 TWA Time Weighted Average  
 ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours  
 UN United Nations  
 wt Weight