

Material Safety Data Sheets

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name **N,N-Dimethylformamide**
 Other Names **Dimethylformamide; DMF**
 Uses **No Data Available**

Chemical Family **No Data Available**

Chemical Formula **HCON(CH₃)₂**

Chemical Name

Product Description **No Data Available**

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Categories **Flammable liquids, Category 3**
Eye irritation, Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, Liver

Signal Word **Danger**

Hazard Statements **Flammable liquid and vapour.**
Causes serious eye irritation.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements **Prevention:**
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
 Use only non-sparking tools.
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 Wear eye/face protection.
Response
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.
Storage
 Store in a well-ventilated place.
 Keep cool. Store locked up.

symbol



3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

| Chemical Entity | Formula | CAS Number | Proportion |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Dimethylformamide; DMF | $\text{HCON}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ | 68-12-2 | $\geq 99\%$ |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.

Eye

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Skin

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Call a physician.

Inhaled

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present. Call a physician.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

| | |
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| General Measures | Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer operations. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. No sparking tools should be used. No smoking. |
| Flammability Conditions | No Data Available |
| Extinguishing Media | Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical Carbon dioxide (CO2) Alcohol-resistant foam Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. |
| Fire and Explosion Hazard | Flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. |
| Hazardous Products of Combustion | In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2) nitrogen oxides (NOx) Dimethylamine |
| Special Fire Fighting Instructions | No Data Available |
| Personal Protective Equipment | Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit |
| Flash Point | No Data Available |
| Lower Explosion Limit | No Data Available |
| Upper Explosion Limit | No Data Available |
| Auto Ignition Temperature | No Data Available |
| Hazchem Code | No Data Available |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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| General Response Procedure | No information available. |
| Clean Up Procedures | Ventilate the area. No sparking tools should be used. Use explosion-proof equipment. Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). |
| Containment | No information available. |
| Decontamination | No information available. |
| Environmental Precautionary Measures | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. |
| Evacuation Criteria | No information available. |
| Personal Precautionary Measures | Wear personal protective equipment. Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Handling | Wear personal protective equipment. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly closed. Do not smoke. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. |
|-----------------|--|

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|------------------|--|
| Storage | Store in area designed for storage of flammable liquids. Protect from physical damage. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible substances. Container hazardous when empty. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Container | Tightly closed. |

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| General | In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. for rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained breathing apparatus. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. |
| Exposure Limits | No Data Available |
| Biological Limits | No Data Available |
| Engineering Measures | Use with local exhaust ventilation. Prevent vapour buildup by providing adequate ventilation during and after use. |
| Personal Protection Equipment | <p>Eye protection : Do not wear contact lenses. Wear as appropriate: Safety glasses with side-shields if splashes are likely to occur, wear: Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes</p> <p>Hand protection : Solvent-resistant gloves Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Replace when worn.</p> <p>Skin and body protection : Wear as appropriate: solvent-resistant apron Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Protective suit</p> |
| Special Hazards Precautions | No Data Available |
| Work Hygienic Practices | <p>When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.</p> <p>Keep working clothes separately. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not swallow.</p> <p>Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. This material has an established AIHA ERPG exposure limit.</p> |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Appearance | Clear liquid |
| Odour | mild amine-like |
| Colour | Colourless |
| pH | No Data Available |
| Vapour Pressure | 3.6 hPa |
| Relative Vapour Density | 2.5 (Air = 1.0) |
| Boiling Point | 153 °C |
| Melting Point | No Data Available |
| Freezing Point | -60.4 °C |
| Solubility | at 20 °C (20 °C) soluble |
| Specific Gravity | 1.05 (Water = 1) |
| Flash Point | 136 °F (58 °C) Method: closed cup |
| Auto Ignition Temp | 445 °C |
| Evaporation Rate | 136 ° F (58 ° C) Method: closed cup |
| Bulk Density | No Data Available |
| Corrosion Rate | No Data Available |
| Decomposition Temperature | No Data Available |

| | |
|--|---|
| Density | 0.949 g/cm ³ at 20 °C |
| Specific Heat | No Data Available |
| Molecular Weight | 73.1 g/mol |
| Net Propellant Weight | No Data Available |
| Octanol Water Coefficient | No Data Available |
| Particle Size | No Data Available |
| Partition Coefficient | No Data Available |
| Saturated Vapour Concentration | No Data Available |
| Vapour Temperature | No Data Available |
| Viscosity | No Data Available |
| Volatile Percent | No Data Available |
| VOC Volume | No Data Available |
| Additional Characteristics | No Data Available |
| Potential for Dust Explosion | No Data Available |
| Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics | Risk of violent reaction or explosion on contact with incompatible materials. |
| Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials | No Data Available |
| Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire | No Data Available |
| Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity | No Data Available |
| Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours | No Data Available |
| Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases | No Data Available |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| General Information | No Data Available |
| Chemical Stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from direct sunlight. |
| Materials to Avoid | Strong oxidizing agents. Halogenated compounds .Iron. Carbon tetrachloride. Alkyl aluminums . Inorganic nitrates |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as: Carbon monoxide; Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) nitrogen oxides (NO _x); Toxic gases/vapours; Dimethylamine |
| Hazardous Polymerisation | Will not occur. |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

No Data Available

Acute

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: 2,800 mg/kg
Species: Rat
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: > 5.9 mg/l , vapour
Exposure time: 4 h
Species: Rat
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: 4,720 mg/kg
Species: Rabbit
Skin irritation : Species: Rabbit
Result: slight irritation
Eye irritation : Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritating to eyes.
Repeated dose toxicity : Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Note: Liver toxicity (100 or 400 ppm for 6h/day, 5 days/week for 2 yr.)
: Species: Mouse
Application Route: Inhalation
Note: Liver toxicity (100 or 400 ppm, males and 400 ppm, females for 6h/day, 5days/week for 18 mos.)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects
Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
: LC50: 12.4 g/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Toxicity to algae : LC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Species: Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)

Persistence/Degradability

No Data Available

Mobility

No Data Available

Environmental Fate

No Data Available

Bioaccumulation Potential

No Data Available

Environmental Impact

No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Special Precautions for Land Fill

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Proper Shipping Name | N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary Risk(s) | No Data Available |
| EPG | No Data Available |
| UN Number | UN 2265 |
| Hazchem | No Data Available |
| Pack Group | III |
| Special Provision | No Data Available |

Sea Transport

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Proper Shipping Name | N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary Risk(s) | No Data Available |
| UN Number | UN 2265 |
| Hazchem | No Data Available |
| Pack Group | No Data Available |
| Special Provision | III |
| EMS | No Data Available |
| Marine Pollutant | No Data Available |

Air Transport

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Proper Shipping Name | N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary Risk(s) | No Data Available |
| UN Number | UN 2265 |
| Hazchem | No Data Available |
| Pack Group | No Data Available |
| Special Provision | III |

15. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

3

Key/Legend

< Less Than
> Greater Than
atm Atmosphere
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)
cm² Square Centimetres
CO₂ Carbon Dioxide
COD Chemical Oxygen Demand
deg C (° C) Degrees Celcius
deg F (° F) Degrees Farenheit
g Grams
g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre
g/l Grams per Litre
HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.
inHg Inch of Mercury
inH₂O Inch of Water
K Kelvin
kg Kilogram
kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre
lb Pound
LC₅₀ LC stands for lethal concentration. LC₅₀ is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.
LD₅₀ LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD₅₀ is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.
ltr or L Litre
m³ Cubic Metre
mbar Millibar
mg Milligram
mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours
mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram
mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.
mm Millimetre
mmH₂O Millimetres of Water
mPa.s Millipascals per Second
N/A Not Applicable
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
Oz Ounce
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
Pa Pascal
ppb Parts per Billion
ppm Parts per Million
ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours
psi Pounds per Square Inch
R Rankine
RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV Threshold Limit Value
tne Tonne
TWA Time Weighted Average
ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours
UN United Nations
wt Weight