

# Material Safety Data Sheets

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Hydroxylamine hydrochloride
Other Names	hydroxyl ammonium chloride; Hydroxylamine HCl; Hydroxyamine hydrochloride
Uses	
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	$\text{NH}_2\text{OH} \cdot \text{HCl}$
Chemical Name	No Data Available
Product Description	No Data Available
Company	Arman sina.co
Contact Information	<a href="mailto:info@armansina.com">info@armansina.com</a> <a href="http://www.armansina.com">www.armansina.com</a>

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Categories	Carcinogenicity, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), category 2 Acute toxicity, category 4, oral and dermal Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1 Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1		
Signal Word	Warning		
Hazard Statements	H351 H373 H302+H312 H319 H315 H317 H290	Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be corrosive to metals.	
Precautionary Statements	Prevention P201 P280 P273 Response P302+P352 P305+P351+P338 P308+P310 Storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/... IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.	

symbol



### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
<b>Hydroxylamine hydrochloride</b>	NH <sub>2</sub> OH . HCl	5470-11-1	100 %

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

<b>Swallowed</b>	If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.
<b>Eye</b>	In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<b>Skin</b>	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.
<b>Inhaled</b>	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
<b>Advice to Doctor</b>	Consult a doctor in case of discomfort showing the SDS for the product.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>General Measures</b>	Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Use water spray/stream to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. In case of fire: Evacuate area.
<b>Flammability Conditions</b>	No Data Available
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	The product itself does not burn. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.
<b>Fire and Explosion Hazard</b>	May be combustible at high temperatures Decomposition may be initiated by action of localized heat. Nitrogen oxides, Hydrogen chloride, ammonia and/or derivatives are hazardous decomposition products. Decomposition starts at temperatures above 115° C. Decomposes violently or explosively when heated above 140° C
<b>Hazardous Products of</b>	In case of fire may be liberated: Hydrogen chloride (HCl) Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
<b>Combustion</b>	
<b>Special Fire Fighting Instructions</b>	DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.
<b>Personal Protective Equipment</b>	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear
<b>Flash Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Lower Explosion Limit</b>	No Data Available
<b>Upper Explosion Limit</b>	No Data Available
<b>Auto Ignition Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	No Data Available

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>General Response Procedure</b>	Clear spills immediately.
<b>Clean Up Procedures</b>	Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.
<b>Containment</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decontamination</b>	No Data Available
<b>Environmental Precautionary Measures</b>	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
<b>Evacuation Criteria</b>	No Data Available
<b>Personal Precautionary Measures</b>	Avoid dust formation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Remove all sources of ignition.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Technical Measures/Precautions: provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Keep away from incompatible materials. Safe Handling Advice: Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. Store away from incompatible materials. Hygroscopic. Moisture sensitive..
<b>Container</b>	Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

<b>General</b>	Respiratory protection Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.
<b>Exposure Limits</b>	No information available.
<b>Biological Limits</b>	No information available.
<b>Engineering Measures</b>	Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

<b>Personal Protection Equipment</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing must be worn. Eye/face protection Eye glasses with side protection Skin protection Wear suitable gloves. When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.
<b>Special Hazards Precautions</b>	No Data Available
<b>Work Hygienic Practices</b>	No Data Available

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical State</b>	Solid
<b>Appearance</b>	Crystals or powder
<b>Odour</b>	No Data Available
<b>Colour</b>	White to yellowish
<b>pH</b>	2.5-3.5 (50 g/l; H <sub>2</sub> O; 20 °C)
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	No Data Available
<b>Relative Vapour Density</b>	No Data Available
<b>Boiling Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Melting Point</b>	151 °C
<b>Freezing Point</b>	No Data Available
<b>Solubility</b>	Solubility in water: 830 g/l (20 °C)
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Flash Point</b>	No information available.
<b>Auto Ignition Temp</b>	306 ° C (1013 hPa)
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No information available.
<b>Bulk Density</b>	No Data Available
<b>Corrosion Rate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	157 ° C (1013 hPa)
<b>Density</b>	1.67 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
<b>Specific Heat</b>	No Data Available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	69.49 g/mol
<b>Net Propellant Weight</b>	No Data Available
<b>Octanol Water Coefficient</b>	-2.66 (20 ° C)
<b>Particle Size</b>	No Data Available
<b>Partition Coefficient</b>	No Data Available
<b>Saturated Vapour Concentration</b>	No Data Available
<b>Vapour Temperature</b>	No Data Available
<b>Viscosity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Volatile Percent</b>	No Data Available
<b>VOC Volume</b>	No Data Available
<b>Additional Characteristics</b>	No information available.
<b>Potential for Dust Explosion</b>	Not applicable.

<b>Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics</b>	No information available.
<b>Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials</b>	No information available.
<b>Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire</b>	No information available.
<b>Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity</b>	No information available.
<b>Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours</b>	No information available.
<b>Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases</b>	No information available. No information available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>General Information</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents Moisture sensitive; Hygroscopic; keep container tightly closed. Also incompatible with heat + sodium acetate or ether, carbonyl compounds, copper sulfate, zinc and phosphorus chlorides, aldehydes, ketones, iron and its salts, heavy metals salts, combustible and flammable materials (e.g. alkyl resins, asphalt, gasoline, grease, methyl acetone, polystyrene, polyurethane). Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride reacts with alkalis to give free Hydroxylamine, which decomposes, especially in the presence of heavy metal ions and at elevated temperatures
<b>Chemical Stability</b>	The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Heat. Incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture.
<b>Materials to Avoid</b>	Alkalis. Organic materials. Oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	Ammonia. Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).
<b>Hazardous Polymerisation</b>	No Data Available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>General Information</b>	No Data Available .
<b>Acute</b>	Acute Toxicity Component Information LD50/oral/rat = = 141 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat LD50/oral/mouse = 408 mg/kg Oral LD50 Mouse Product Information LD50/oral/rat = VALUE- Acute Tox Oral = 141mg/kg LD50/oral/mouse = Value - Acute Tox Oral = 408mg/kg

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	No Data Available
<b>Persistence/Degradability</b>	No Data Available
<b>Mobility</b>	No Data Available
<b>Environmental Fate</b>	No Data Available
<b>Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -2.66 (20 ° C)
<b>Environmental Impact</b>	No Data Available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### General Information

Appropriate disposal / Product  
Dispose according to legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.  
Appropriate disposal / Package  
Dispose according to legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Special Precautions for Land Fill

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Land Transport

Proper Shipping Name	Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride; Corrosive solids, toxic
Class	8
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	No Data Available
UN Number	UN2923
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

### Sea Transport

Proper Shipping Name	Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride; Corrosive solids, toxic
Class	8
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	UN2923
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
EMS	No Data Available
Marine Pollutant	No

### Air Transport

Proper Shipping Name	Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride; Corrosive solids, toxic
Class	8
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	UN2923
Hazchem	No Data Available
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

## 15. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

2

Key/Legend

< Less Than

> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm<sup>2</sup> Square Centimetres

CO<sub>2</sub> Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (° C) Degrees Celcius

deg F (° F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm<sup>3</sup> Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/l Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH<sub>2</sub>O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m<sup>3</sup> Kilograms per Cubic Metre

lb Pound

LC<sub>50</sub> LC stands for lethal concentration. LC<sub>50</sub> is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD<sub>50</sub> LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD<sub>50</sub> is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

ltr or L Litre

m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m<sup>3</sup> Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH<sub>2</sub>O Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight